

289 was Northern Paper and Pulp Works, Inc., established in 1677 in Tallinn. A large modern woodpulp factory was founded in 1936 at Kehra, Harjumaa, with a production of 35,000 tons air dried pulp yearly. Paper and Pulp Factory at Türi, Inc. was also one of the larger plants.

402 In the engineering industry the principal plants were: the Government Railway Works; Franz Krull, Inc.; Ilmarine, Inc.; Harbor Works in Tallinn, and Telephone Works in Tartu.

377 Power industries in Estonia are connected with the peat industries¹ which supply the plants with fuel. Ellamaa Power Station, with a high-tension line, supplies North Estonia and the Ulila Power Station supplies southeastern Estonia with electricity. The powerful Narva falls provided electricity for cotton and woolen factories at

Narva and Sindi, and the Jägala River gave power

^{to the pulp mills on its banks.}

^{1[see cat. 116, pp 368-9--371- Analyt]}

382 a considerable number of workers and by employing slave labor also, they have increased the output of the oil-shale industry considerably. They are vitally interested in this industry, for it is supposed to supply the submarine fleet with fuel in case of emergency.

- 317 The Soviets are building a hydroelectric station on the Narva River which, according to plan, must be completed in 1955. This station will serve mainly Leningrad and its vicinity.

[434] Other industries of Estonia in which the Russians are particularly interested are the shipyards, and the phosphorite, glass, plywood and furniture industries, all of which now produce for the Soviet Union. The Soviet leaders, emphasizing the fulfillment and even the exceeding of plans, have in this way damaged the quality of goods in every industry by stressing quantity.